NAME

mbm_grdcut - Macro to extract a specified subarea of a GMT GRD grid file as another GRD file.

VERSION

Version 5.0

SYNOPSIS

mbm_grdcut **-I***infile* **-O***outfile* **-R***w/e/s/n* [**-H -V**]

DESCRIPTION

mbm_grdcut is a macro to painlessly cut out a region from a GMT GRD grid file. The GMT program grdcut requires that one specify bounds which exactly match grid cell boundaries. Frequently, one just wants to extract an approximate region quickly, without calculating grid cell sizes and boundary locations. This macro does the the calculations and extracts the subregion closest to that specified by the user.

AUTHORSHIP

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OPTIONS

–H This "help" flag cause the program to print out a description of its operation and then exit immediately.

–I *infile*
Sets the filename of the input GMT grid file. This file must be in the GMT NetCDF GRD format.

–O *outfile*
Sets the filename of the output GMT grid file. This file will be in the GMT NetCDF GRD format.

–R *w/e/s/n*
Sets the bounds of the area to be extracted from the input grid file.

–V The **-V** option causes **mbm_grdcut** to print out status messages.

EXAMPLES

Suppose that we have used **mbgrid** to obtain a topography grid file called KohalaA_bath.grd in the GMT NetCDF GRD format:

```
mbgrid -Idatalist \
        -OKohalaA_bath \
        -R-155.72855/-155.31928/20.09488/20.47645 \
        -E30.0/0m! -A2 -N -G3 -C1 -V
```

Further suppose that one wishes to extract a smaller grid with bounds of 155 degrees 31 minutes W to 155 degrees 26 minutes W in longitude and 20 degrees 13 minutes N to 20 degrees 18 minutes N in latitude. This can be done using the **GMT** program **grdcut**, but **grdcut** requires that the user specify bounds that exactly match the grid cell boundaries in the file. The **mbm_grdcut** macros allows one to specify approximate desired bounds, calculates the exact, nearest bounds that **grdcut** will accept, and then executes **grdcut**.

To obtain the desired sub-grid, the following will suffice:

```
mbm_grdcut -I KohalaA_bath.grd -O Kohala_plunge
    -R-155:31/-155:26/20:13/20:18 -V
```

The resulting output is:

```
Program mbm_grdcut status:
        Input GRD file:         kohalaa.grd
        Output GRD file:        z.grd
        Input Grid bounds:      -155.72855 -155.3192906  20.09488 20.47628103
        Input grid dimensions:  1426  1329
        Grid cell sizes:        0.0002871995719  0.0002871995719
        Requested Grid bounds:  -155.516666666667 -155.433333333333  20.2166666666667
20.3
        Output Grid bounds:     -155.51688391551 -155.433596039659  20.2166526184856
20.2999404943366
        Output grid dimensions: 291  291

Running grdcut...
grdcut kohalaa.grd -Gz.grd
-R-155.51688391551/-155.433596039659/20.2166526184856/20.2999404943366 -V
grdcut: File spec: W E S N dx dy nx ny:
grdcut: Old: -155.729 -155.319 20.0949 20.4763 0.0002872 0.0002872 1426 1329
grdcut: New: -155.517 -155.434 20.2167 20.2999 0.0002872 0.0002872  291  291
```

SEE ALSO

mbsystem(l), **mbgrid**(l), **mbmosaic**(l), **mbm_grid**(l), **mbm_grdplot**(l)

BUGS

This macro is new and hasn't been tested in serious usage yet - let us know what to fix, add, or change!.