

Power Buoy Generator Efficiency

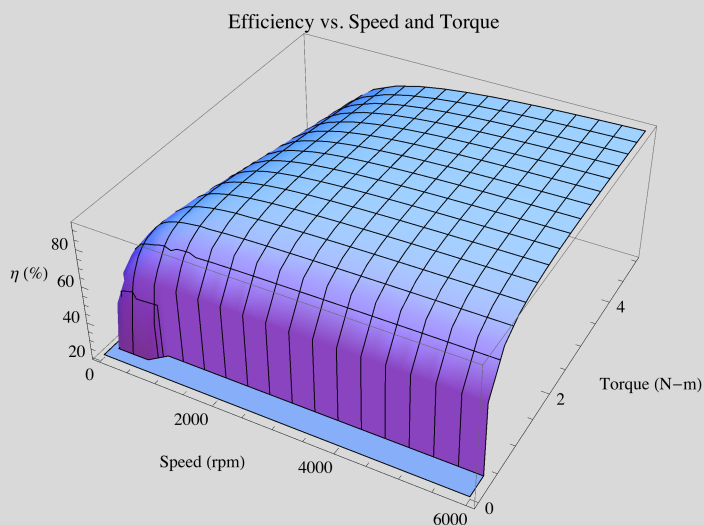
P. McGill, v1.1.0

We want to plot generator output efficiency as a function of input speed ω (in rpm) and torque M (in N-m), given the generator speed constant K_e , torque constant K_t , and winding resistance R_g .

$$\eta[\omega_, M_, Ke_, Kt_, Rg_, Mf_] := \frac{100 \left(\frac{M - Mf}{Kt} \right)^2 \left(\frac{Ke \omega Kt}{M - Mf} - Rg \right)}{\omega \frac{2 \pi}{60} M}$$

Now we can produce a 3D plot of efficiency for a Magmotor model BF34-500 motor with a “K” winding over its range of allowed speed and torque.

```
effpl = Plot3D[ $\eta[\omega, M, 0.2, 1.91, 22.9, 0.141]$ , { $\omega$ , 0, 6000}, {M, 0, 5}, {
  PlotLabel -> "Efficiency vs. Speed and Torque",
  AxesLabel -> {"Speed (rpm)", "Torque (N-m)", " $\eta$  (%)"}}]
```



```
peaks =
  Map[Maximize[ $\eta[\#, M, 0.2, 1.91, 22.9, 0.141]$ , 0 < M < 5], M] &, Range[100, 6100, 100]];
```

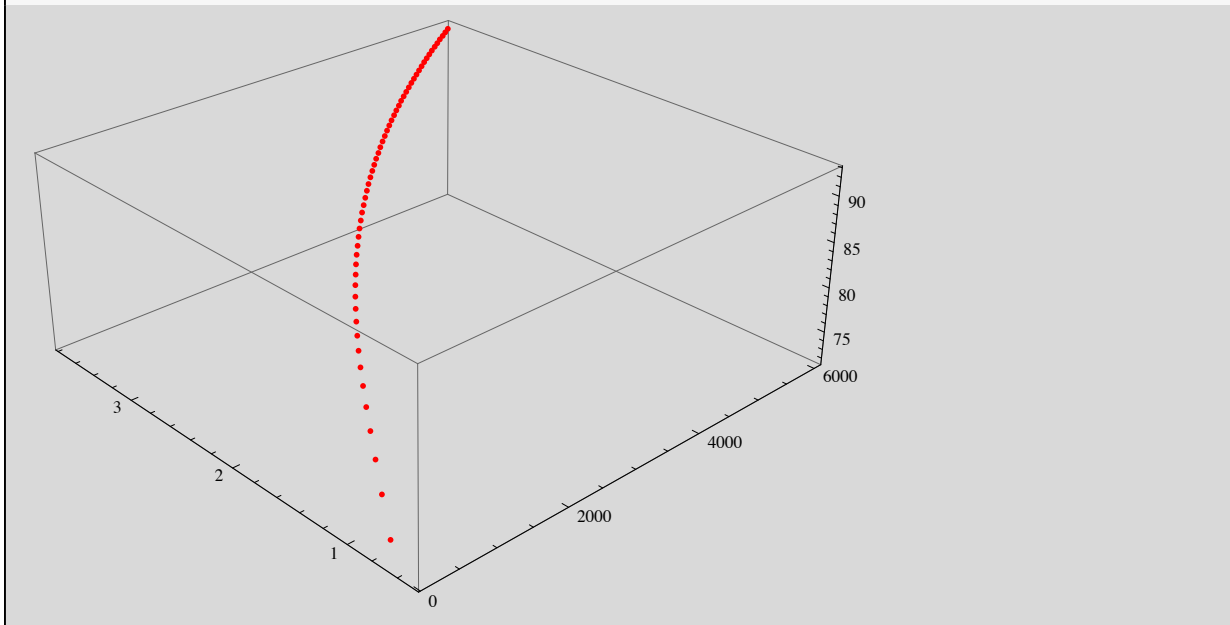
```
peaks2 = Transpose[peaks];
```

```
peaks3 = Riffle[Range[100, 6100, 100], M /. Transpose[peaks][[2]]];
```

```
peaks4 = Riffle[peaks3, peaks2[[1]], 3];
```

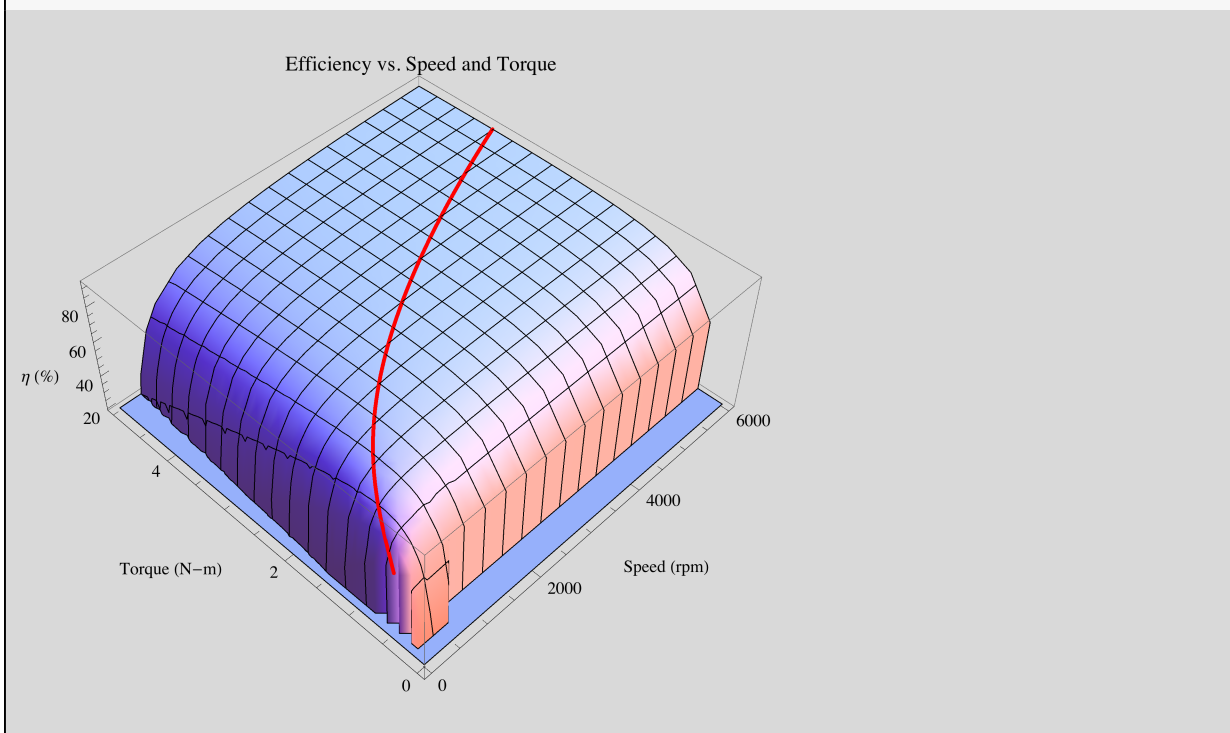
```
peaks5 = Partition[peaks4, 3];
```

```
peakp1 = ListPointPlot3D[peaks5, {PlotStyle → Red}]
```



```
peakp12 = Graphics3D[{Red, Thick, Line[peaks5]}];
```

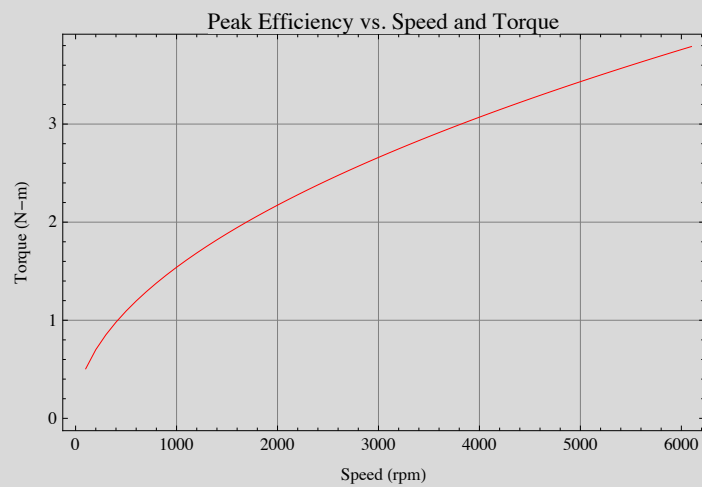
```
Show[effp1, peakp12]
```



This is good for getting the big picture, but not for reading precise values. We can generate a 2D plot of the peak efficiency curve overlaid on a contour plot.

```
peaks6 = Partition[peaks3, 2];
```

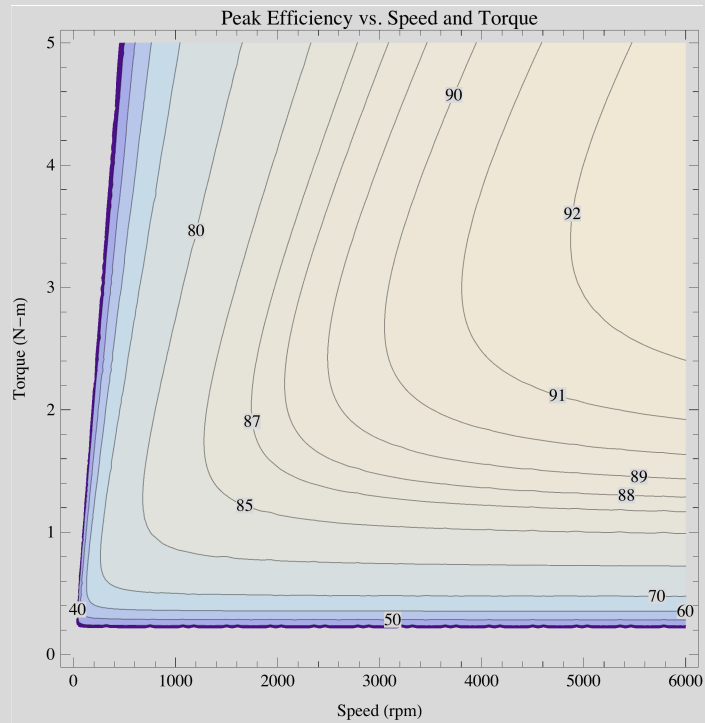
```
peakpl3 = ListPlot[peaks6,  
  {Frame → True,  
   Joined → True,  
   GridLines → Automatic,  
   PlotStyle → Red,  
   PlotLabel → "Peak Efficiency vs. Speed and Torque",  
   FrameLabel → {"Speed (rpm)", "Torque (N-m)"}}]
```



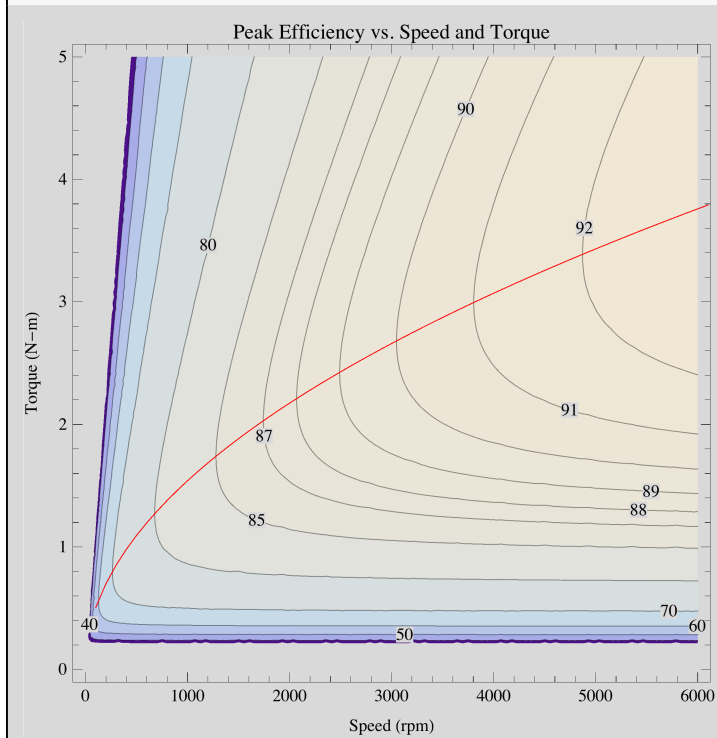
```

conpl = ContourPlot[ $\eta[\omega, M, 0.2, 1.91, 22.9, 0.141]$ , { $\omega$ , 0, 6000}, {M, 0, 5},
{Frame  $\rightarrow$  True,
Contours  $\rightarrow$  {40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92},
ContourLabels  $\rightarrow$  All,
PlotLabel  $\rightarrow$  "Peak Efficiency vs. Speed and Torque",
FrameLabel  $\rightarrow$  {"Speed (rpm)", "Torque (N-m)"}]

```



Show[conpl, peakpl3]



We'd also like to see how load voltage, current, and power varies with input speed and torque.

$$Vl[\omega_, M_, Ke_, Kt_, Rg_, Mf_] := (\omega Ke) - \frac{(M - Mf) Rg}{Kt}$$

$$A[M_, Kt_, Mf_] := \frac{M - Mf}{Kt}$$

$$Pl[\omega_, M_, Ke_, Kt_, Rg_, Mf_] := \left(\frac{M - Mf}{Kt} \right)^2 \left(\frac{Ke \omega Kt}{M - Mf} - Rg \right)$$

We also need to define some functions for two-axis plotting.

$$\text{defaultColor}[n_Integer] := \text{Hue}\left[N\left[\text{FractionalPart}\left[.67 + \frac{2(n-1)}{\text{GoldenRatio}}\right]\right], .6, .6\right]$$

SetAttributes[TwoAxisPlot, HoldAll]

```
TwoAxisPlot[{f_, g_}, {x_, x0_, x1_}, opts : OptionsPattern[]] :=
Module[{f0, f1, g0, g1, gp, scale, gticks},
  {f0, f1} = Options[Plot[f, {x, x0, x1}, Frame → True, opts], PlotRange][[1, 2, 2]];
  {g0, g1} = Options[gp = Plot[g, {x, x0, x1}, Frame → True, opts], PlotRange][[1, 2, 2]];
  scale[y_] := f0 + ((f1 - f0) * (y - g0)) / (g1 - g0);
  gticks = Apply[{scale[#1], ##2} &, AbsoluteOptions[gp, FrameTicks][[1, 2, 2]], {1}];
  Plot[{f, scale[g]}, {x, x0, x1}, PlotRange → 1.001 * {f0, f1},
    Frame → True, FrameTicks → {{Automatic, gticks}, {Automatic, Automatic}},
    FrameStyle → {{defaultColor[1], defaultColor[2]}, {{}, {}}, opts]]
```

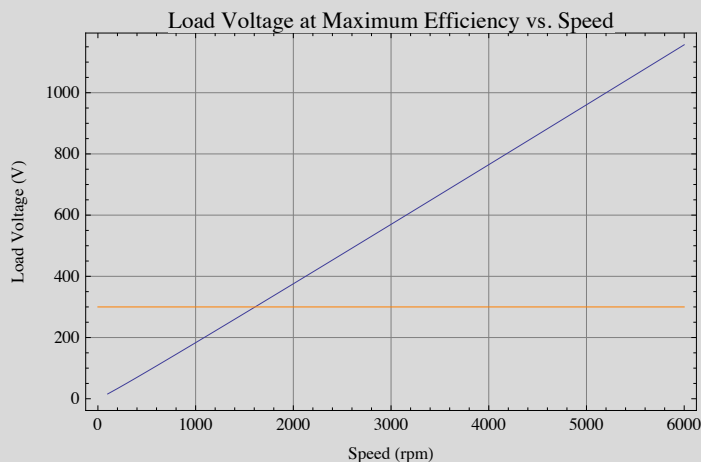
Now we can plot the load voltage, current, and power *at maximum efficiency*.

```
peaks6 = Partition[peaks3, 2];
```

```
loadvolts = Map[Vl[#[[1]], #[[2]], 0.2, 1.91, 22.9, 0.141] &, peaks6];
```

```
loadvolts2 = Partition[Riffle[Range[100, 6000, 100], loadvolts], 2];
```

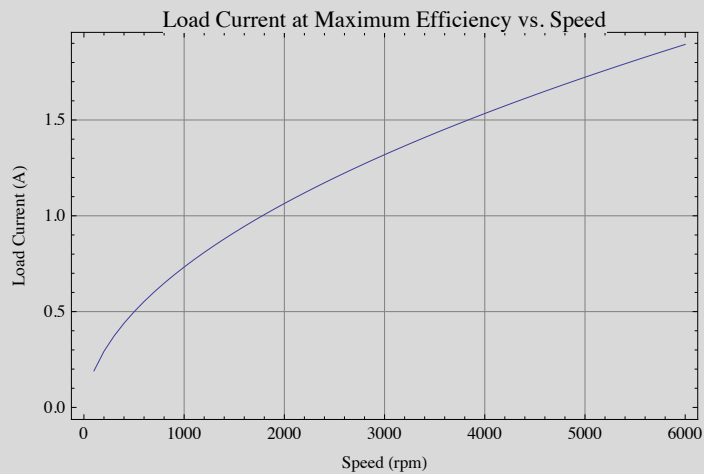
```
Show[ListPlot[loadvolts2,
  {Joined → True,
   Frame → True,
   GridLines → Automatic,
   PlotLabel → "Load Voltage at Maximum Efficiency vs. Speed"},
  FrameLabel → {"Speed (rpm)", "Load Voltage (V)"},
  Graphics[{{Orange, Line[{{0, 300}, {6000, 300}}]}]]]
```



```
loadcurr = Map[A[#[[2]], 1.91, 0.141] &, peaks6];
```

```
loadcurr2 = Partition[Riffle[Range[100, 6000, 100], loadcurr], 2];
```

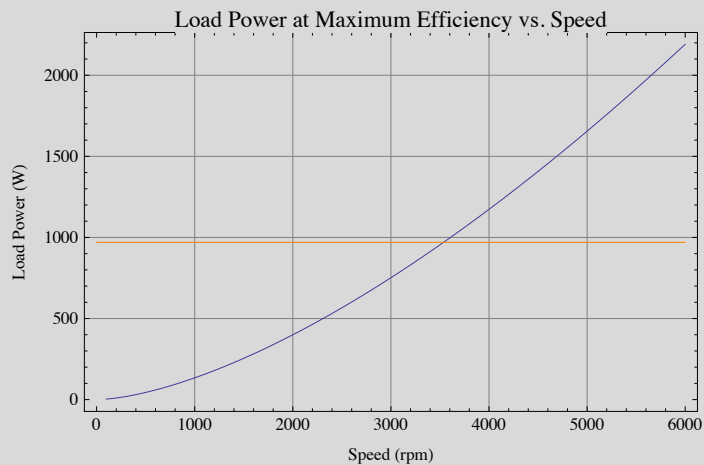
```
ListPlot[loadcurr2,
{Joined → True,
Frame → True,
GridLines → Automatic,
PlotLabel → "Load Current at Maximum Efficiency vs. Speed"},
FrameLabel → {"Speed (rpm)", "Load Current (A)"}]
```



```
loadpow = Map[P1[#[[1]], #[[2]], 0.2, 1.91, 22.9, 0.141] &, peaks6];
```

```
loadpow2 = Partition[Riffle[Range[100, 6000, 100], loadpow], 2];
```

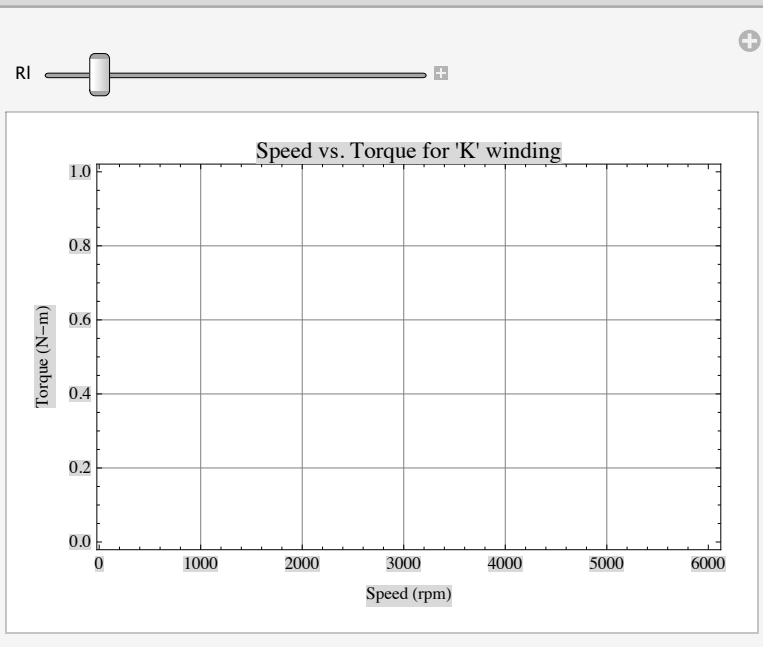
```
Show[ListPlot[loadpow2,
{Joined → True,
Frame → True,
GridLines → Automatic,
PlotLabel → "Load Power at Maximum Efficiency vs. Speed"},
FrameLabel → {"Speed (rpm)", "Load Power (W)"}],
Graphics[{Orange, Line[{0, 970}, {6000, 970}]}]]
```



How does the torque load we can present to the hydraulic motor vary as a function of the impedance that the power converter that presents to the generator (Magmotor model BF34-500 with a “K” winding)?

$$M[\omega_, Ke_, Kt_, Rg_, Rl_, Mf_] := Kt \frac{Ke \omega}{Rg + Rl} + Mf$$

```
Manipulate[
  Show[Plot[M[ω, 0.2, 1.91, 22.9, Rl, 0.141], {ω, 100, 6000},
    {Frame → True,
      GridLines → Automatic,
      PlotLabel → "Speed vs. Torque for 'K' winding",
      FrameLabel → {"Speed (rpm)", "Torque (N-m)"}},
    Graphics[
      {Orange, Line[{0, 4.24}, {6000, 4.24}]}, {Red, Line[{0, 12.6}, {6000, 12.6}]}]],
  {Rl,
    0,
    100}]
```

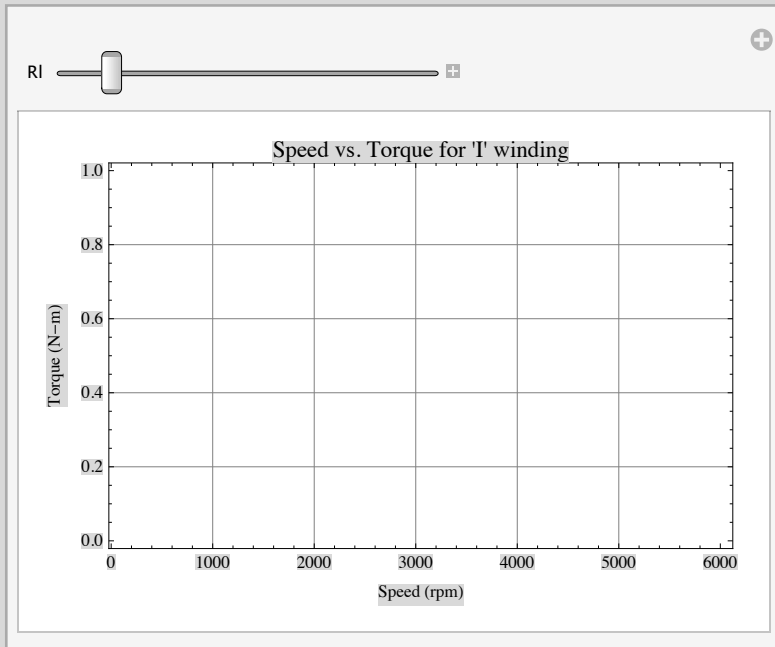


How is this different for the same generator with an “E” winding?


```

Manipulate[
  Show[Plot[M[ $\omega$ , 0.126, 0.501, 5.9, Rl, 0.141], { $\omega$ , 100, 6000},
    {Frame → True,
      GridLines → Automatic,
      PlotLabel → "Speed vs. Torque for 'I' winding",
      FrameLabel → {"Speed (rpm)", "Torque (N-m)"}]],
    Graphics[
      {Orange, Line[{{0, 4.24}, {6000, 4.24}}]}, Red, Line[{{0, 12.6}, {6000, 12.6}}]}],
  {Rl,
    0,
    100}]

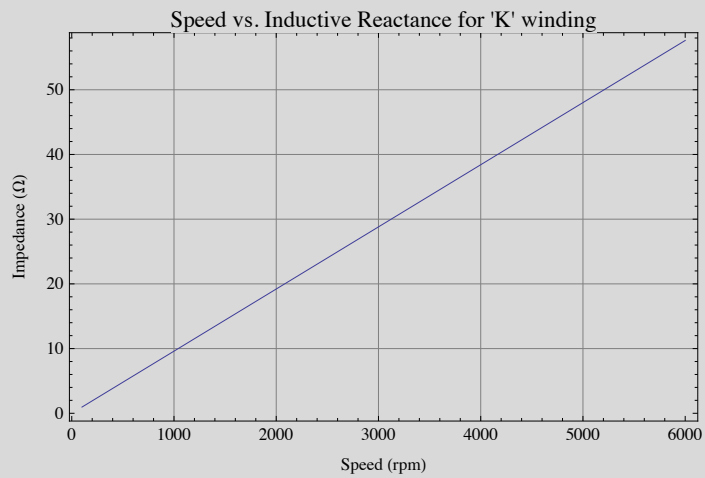
```



Does the inductance of the motor windings matter? Plot inductive reactance as a function of speed.

$$Xl[\omega_, L_] := \frac{2 \pi \omega}{60} L$$

```
Plot[X1[ $\omega$ , 0.0917], { $\omega$ , 100, 6000},
{Frame → True,
GridLines → Automatic,
PlotLabel → "Speed vs. Inductive Reactance for 'K' winding",
FrameLabel → {"Speed (rpm)", "Impedance ( $\Omega$ )"}}]
```



```
Plot[X1[ $\omega$ , 0.0059], { $\omega$ , 100, 6000},
{Frame → True,
GridLines → Automatic,
PlotLabel → "Speed vs. Inductive Reactance for 'I' winding",
FrameLabel → {"Speed (rpm)", "Impedance ( $\Omega$ )"}}]
```

